

**UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS**  
**M.Sc. DEGREE PROGRAMME IN MATHEMATICS**  
 SYLLABUS WITH EFFECT FROM 2023-2024

<b>Title of the Course</b>		<b>REAL ANALYSIS II</b>					
<b>Paper Number</b>		<b>CORE V</b>					
<b>Category</b>	Core	<b>Year</b>	I	<b>Credits</b>	5	<b>Course Code</b>	<b>428C2B</b>
		<b>Semester</b>	II				
<b>Instructional Hours per week</b>		<b>Lecture</b>		<b>Tutorial</b>		<b>Lab Practice</b>	<b>Total</b>
		5		1		--	6
<b>Pre-requisite</b>		Elements of Real Analysis					
<b>Objectives of the Course</b>		To introduce measure on the real line, Lebesgue measurability and integrability, Fourier Series and Integrals, in-depth study in multivariable calculus.					
<b>Course Outline</b>		<b>UNIT-I :Measure on the Real line</b> - Lebesgue Outer Measure - Measurable sets - Regularity - Measurable Functions - Borel and Lebesgue Measurability <b>Chapter - 2 Sec 2.1 to 2.5 (de Barra)</b>					
		<b>UNIT-II : Integration of Functions of a Real variable</b> - Integration of Non- negative functions - The General Integral - Riemann and Lebesgue Integrals <b>Chapter - 3 Sec 3.1,3.2 and 3.4 (de Barra)</b>					
		<b>UNIT-III : Fourier Series and Fourier Integrals</b> - Introduction - Orthogonal system of functions - The theorem on best approximation - The Fourier series of a function relative to an orthonormal system - Properties of Fourier Coefficients - The Riesz-Fischer Thorem - The convergence and representation problems in for trigonometric series - The Riemann - Lebesgue Lemma - The Dirichlet Integrals - An integral representation for the partial sums of Fourier series - Riemann's localization theorem - Sufficient conditions for convergence of a Fourier series at a particular point –Cesarosummability of Fourier series- Consequences of Fejes's theorem - The Weierstrass approximation theorem <b>Chapter 11 : Sections 11.1 to 11.15 (Apostol)</b>					

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	<p><b>UNIT-IV : Multivariable Differential Calculus</b> - Introduction - The Directional derivative - Directional derivative and continuity - The total derivative - The total derivative expressed in terms of partial derivatives - The matrix of linear function - The Jacobian matrix - The chain rule - Matrix form of chain rule - The mean - value theorem for differentiable functions - A sufficient condition for differentiability - A sufficient condition for equality of mixed partial derivatives - Taylor's theorem for functions of <math>\mathbb{R}^n</math> to <math>\mathbb{R}^1</math></p> <p><b>Chapter 12 : Section 12.1 to 12.14 (Apostol)</b></p>
	<p><b>UNIT-V : Implicit Functions and Extremum Problems</b> : Functions with non-zero Jacobian determinants – The inverse function theorem- The Implicit function theorem-Extrema of real valued functions of severable variables-Extremum problems with side conditions.</p> <p><b>Chapter 13 : Sections 13.1 to 13.7 (Apostol)</b></p>
<p>Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the External Examination question paper)</p>	<p>Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET / UGC – CSIR / GATE / TNPSC / others to be solved          (To be discussed during the Tutorial hour)</p>
<p>Skills acquired from this course</p>	<p>Knowledge, Problem Solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferrable Skill</p>
<p><b>Recommended Text</b></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. G. de Barra, <i>Measure Theory and Integration</i>, Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi, 1981. (for Units I and II)</li> <li>2. Tom M.Apostol :<i>Mathematical Analysis</i>, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company Inc. New York, 1974. (for Units III, IV and V)</li> </ol>

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<b>Reference Books</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Burkill, J.C. <i>The Lebesgue Integral</i>, Cambridge University Press, 1951.</li> <li>2. Munroe, M.E. <i>Measure and Integration</i>. Addison-Wesley, Mass. 1971.</li> <li>3. Roydon, H.L. <i>Real Analysis</i>, Macmillan Pub. Company, New York, 1988.</li> <li>4. Rudin, W. <i>Principles of Mathematical Analysis</i>, McGraw Hill Company, New York, 1979.</li> <li>5. Malik, S.C. and Savita Arora. <i>Mathematical Analysis</i>, Wiley Eastern Limited. New Delhi, 1991.</li> <li>6. Sanjay Arora and Bansi Lal, <i>Introduction to Real Analysis</i>, Satya Prakashan, New Delhi, 1991</li> </ol>
<b>Website and e-Learning Source</b>	<a href="http://mathforum.org">http://mathforum.org</a> , <a href="http://ocw.mit.edu/ocwweb/Mathematics">http://ocw.mit.edu/ocwweb/Mathematics</a> , <a href="http://www.opensource.org">http://www.opensource.org</a>

**Course Learning Outcome (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)**

Students will be able to

**CLO1:** Understand and describe the basic concepts of Fourier series and Fourier integrals with respect to orthogonal system.

**CLO2:** Analyze the representation and convergence problems of Fourier series.

**CLO3:** Analyze and evaluate the difference between transforms of various functions.

**CLO4:** Formulate and evaluate complex contour integrals directly and by the fundamental theorem.

**CLO5:** Apply the Cauchy integral theorem in its various versions to compute contour integration.

	POs						PSOs		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3
CLO1	3	1	3	2	3	3	3	2	1
CLO2	2	1	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CLO3	3	2	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CLO4	1	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	1
CLO5	3	1	2	3	3	3	3	2	1