

**UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS**  
**B.Sc. DEGREE PROGRAMME IN CHEMISTRY**  
 SYLLABUS WITH EFFECT FROM 2023-2024

<b>Title of the Course</b>	<b>GENERAL CHEMISTRY-II</b>						
<b>Paper No.</b>	<b>Core III</b>						
<b>Category</b>	<b>Core</b>	<b>Year</b>	I	<b>Credits</b>	5	<b>Course Code</b>	124C2A
		<b>Semester</b>	II				
<b>Instructional hours per week</b>	<b>Lecture</b>	<b>Tutorial</b>	<b>Lab Practice</b>		<b>Total</b>		
	4	1	-		5		
<b>Prerequisites</b>	General Chemistry I						
<b>Objectives of the course</b>	This course aims at providing an overall view of the <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• chemistry of acids, bases and ionic equilibrium</li> <li>• properties of s and p-block elements</li> <li>• chemistry of hydrocarbons</li> <li>• applications of acids and bases</li> <li>• compounds of main block elements and hydrocarbons</li> </ul>						
<b>Course Outline</b>	<b>UNIT-I</b> <b>Acids, bases, and Ionic equilibria</b> Concepts of Acids and Bases - Arrhenius concept, Bronsted-Lowry concept, Lewis concept; Relative strengths of acids, bases and dissociation constant; dissociation of poly basic acids, ionic product of water, pH scale, pH of solutions; Degree of dissociation, common ion effect, factors affecting degree of dissociation; acid base indicators, theory of acid base indicators – action of phenolphthalein and methyl orange, titration curves - use of acid base indicators; Buffer solutions – types, mechanism of buffer action in acid and basic buffer, Henderson-Hasselbalch equation; Solubility product - determination and applications.						
	<b>Unit-II</b> <b>Chemistry of s - Block Elements</b> Hydrogen: Position of hydrogen in the periodic table. Alkali metals: Comparative study of the elements with respect to oxides, hydroxides, halides, carbonates, and bicarbonates. Diagonal relationship of Li with Mg. Preparation, properties and uses of NaOH, Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> , KBr, KClO <sub>3</sub> alkaline earth metals. Anomalous behavior of Be. <b>Chemistry of p- Block Elements (Group 13 &amp; 14)</b> preparation and structure of diborane and borazine. Chemistry of borax. Extraction of Al and its uses. Alloys of Al. comparison of carbon with silicon. Carbon-di-sulphide– Preparation, properties, structure and uses. Percarbonates, per monocarbonates and per dicarbonates.						

**UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS**  
**B.Sc. DEGREE PROGRAMME IN CHEMISTRY**  
 SYLLABUS WITH EFFECT FROM 2023-2024

	<p><b>UNIT-III</b></p> <p><b>Chemistry of p- Block Elements (Group 15-18)</b>          General characteristics of elements of Group 15; chemistry of <math>\text{H}_2\text{N-NH}_2</math>, <math>\text{NH}_2\text{OH}</math>, <math>\text{HN}_3</math> and <math>\text{HNO}_3</math>. Chemistry of <math>\text{PH}_3</math>, <math>\text{PCl}_3</math>, <math>\text{PCl}_5</math>, <math>\text{POCl}_3</math>, <math>\text{P}_2\text{O}_5</math> and oxy acids of phosphorous (<math>\text{H}_3\text{PO}_3</math> and <math>\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4</math>).</p> <p>General properties of elements of group 16 - Structure and allotropy of elements - chemistry of ozone - Classification and properties of oxides - oxides of sulphur and selenium - Oxyacids of sulphur (Caro's and Marshall's acids).</p> <p>Chemistry of Halogens: General characteristics of halogen with reference to electro-negativity, electron affinity, oxidation states and oxidizing power. Peculiarities of fluorine. Halogen acids (<math>\text{HF}</math>, <math>\text{HCl}</math>, <math>\text{HBr}</math> and <math>\text{HI}</math>), oxides and oxy acids (<math>\text{HClO}_4</math>). Inter-halogen compounds (<math>\text{ICl}</math>, <math>\text{ClF}_3</math>, <math>\text{BrF}_5</math> and <math>\text{IF}_7</math>), pseudo halogens [<math>(\text{CN})_2</math> and <math>(\text{SCN})_2</math>] and basic nature of Iodine.</p> <p>Noble gases: Position in the periodic table. Preparation, properties and structure of <math>\text{XeF}_2</math>, <math>\text{XeF}_4</math>, <math>\text{XeF}_6</math> and <math>\text{XeOF}_4</math>; uses of noble gases - clathrate compounds.</p>
	<p><b>UNIT-IV</b></p> <p><b>Hydrocarbon Chemistry-I</b>  <b>Petro products:</b> Fractional distillation of petroleum; cracking, isomerisation, alkylation, reforming and uses</p> <p><b>Alkenes-</b>Nomenclature, general methods of preparation – Mechanism of <math>\beta</math>-elimination reactions – <math>\text{E}_1</math> and <math>\text{E}_2</math> mechanism - factors influencing – stereochemistry – orientation – Hofmann and Saytzeff rules. Reactions of alkenes – addition reactions – mechanisms – Markownikoff's rule, Kharasch effect, oxidation reactions – hydroxylation, oxidative degradation, epoxidation, ozonolysis; polymerization.</p> <p><b>Alkadienes</b>          Nomenclature - classification – isolated, conjugated and cumulated dienes; stability of conjugated dienes; mechanism of electrophilic addition to conjugated dienes - 1, 2 and 1, 4 additions; free radical addition to conjugated dienes– Diels–Alder reactions – polymerisation – polybutadiene, polyisoprene (natural rubber), vulcanisation, polychloroprene.</p> <p><b>Alkynes</b>          Nomenclature; general methods of preparation, properties and reactions; acidic nature of terminal alkynes and acetylene, polymerisation and isomerisation.</p> <p><b>Cycloalkanes:</b> Nomenclature, Relative stability of cycloalkanes, Bayer's strain theory and its limitations. Conformational analysis of cyclohexane, mono and di substituted cyclohexanes.          Geometrical isomerism in cyclohexanes.</p>

**UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS**  
**B.Sc. DEGREE PROGRAMME IN CHEMISTRY**  
 SYLLABUS WITH EFFECT FROM 2023-2024

	<p><b>UNIT-V</b>  <b>Hydrocarbon Chemistry - II</b>  <b>Benzene:</b> Source, structure of benzene, stability of benzene ring, molecular orbital picture of benzene, aromaticity, Huckel's (4n+2) rule and its applications. Electrophilic substitution reactions - General mechanism of aromatic electrophilic substitution - nitration, sulphonation, halogenation, Friedel-Craft's alkylation and acylation. Mono substituted and disubstituted benzene - Effect of substituent – orientation and reactivity.  <b>Polynuclear Aromatic hydrocarbons:</b> Naphthalene – nomenclature, Haworth synthesis; physical properties, reactions – electrophilic substitution reaction, nitration, sulphonation, halogenation, Friedel – Crafts acylation &amp; alkylation, preferential substitution at □ - position – reduction, oxidation – uses.          Anthracene – synthesis by Elbs reaction, Diels – Alder reaction and Haworth synthesis; physical properties; reactions - Diels-Alder reaction.</p>
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC/JAM /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
<b>Recommended Text</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Madan RD, SathyaPrakash,(2003),ModernInorganicChemistry,2<sup>nd</sup>ed, S.Chand and Company, New Delhi.</li> <li>2. Sathya Prakash, Tuli G D,Basu S K and Madan R D, (2003), Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, 17<sup>th</sup> ed., S.Chand and Company, New Delhi.</li> <li>3. Bahl B S, Arul Bhal, (2003), Advanced Organic Chemistry, 3<sup>rd</sup>ed., S.Chand and Company, NewDelhi.</li> <li>4. Tewari K S, Mehrothra S N and Vishnoi N K, (1998), Text book of Organic Chemistry, 2<sup>nd</sup>ed., Vikas Publishing House, NewDelhi.</li> <li>5. Puri B R, Sharma L R, (2002), Principles ofPhysical Chemistry, 38<sup>th</sup>ed., Vishal Publishing Company,Jalandhar.</li> </ol>
<b>Reference Books</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. MaronSH and PruttonCP,(1972),PrinciplesofPhysicalChemistry,4<sup>th</sup> ed., The Macmillan Company, Newyork.</li> <li>2. Barrow G M, (1992), Physical Chemistry, 5<sup>th</sup>ed., Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.</li> <li>3. Lee J D, (1991), Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 4<sup>th</sup>ed., ELBS William Heinemann,London.</li> <li>4. Huheey J E, (1993), Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity, 4<sup>th</sup>ed., Addison Wesley Publishing Company,India.</li> <li>5. Gurudeep Raj, (2001), Advanced Inorganic Chemistry Vol – I, 26<sup>th</sup>ed., Goel Publishing House,Meerut.</li> <li>6. Agarwal O P, (1995), Reactions and Reagents in Organic Chemistry, 8<sup>th</sup>ed., Goel PublishingHouse,Meerut.</li> </ol>

**UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS**  
**B.Sc. DEGREE PROGRAMME IN CHEMISTRY**  
 SYLLABUS WITH EFFECT FROM 2023-2024

<b>Website and e-learning source</b>	<p><a href="https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/http://cactus.dixie.edu/sblack/chem1010/lecture_notes/4B.html">https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/http://cactus.dixie.edu/sblack/chem1010/lecture_notes/4B.html</a>  <a href="http://www.auburn.edu/~deruija/pdareson.pdf">http://www.auburn.edu/~deruija/pdareson.pdf</a>  <a href="https://swayam.gov.in/course/64-atomic-structure-and-chemical-bonding">https://swayam.gov.in/course/64-atomic-structure-and-chemical-bonding</a></p> <p><b>MOOC components</b>  <a href="http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104101090/">http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104101090/</a>                      Lecture 1: Classification of elements and periodic properties  <a href="http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104101090/">http://nptel.ac.in/courses/104101090/</a></p>
--------------------------------------	---

**Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)**

**On completion of the course the students should be able to**

- CO1:** explain the concept of acids, bases and ionic equilibria; periodic properties of s and p block elements, preparation and properties of aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons
- CO2:** discuss the periodic properties of sand p- block elements, reactions of aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons and strength of acids
- CO3:** classify hydrocarbons, types of reactions, acids and bases, examine the properties s and p-block elements, reaction mechanisms of aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons
- CO4:** explain theories of acids, bases and indicators, buffer action and important compounds of s-block elements
- CO5:** assess the application of hard and soft acids indicators, buffers, compounds of s and p-block elements and hydrocarbons

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	M
CO2	M	S	S	S	M	S	S	M	M	M
CO3	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	M	S	M
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	M	M
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M	M	S

**CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)**

CO / PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
<b>Weightage</b>	15	15	15	15	15
<b>Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos</b>	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

**Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's**